



**ÚSTŘEDNÍ KONTROLNÍ  
A ZKUŠEBNÍ ÚSTAV ZEMĚDĚLSKÝ**  
**ISO 9001: 2008**  
**[www.ukzuz.cz](http://www.ukzuz.cz)**

## **Proper use and CZ risk mitigation measures**

**CEUREG Forum XX, Brno 2016**

**Pavel Minář, ÚKZÚZ, Czech Republic**





# Obsah

- Proper use, PPP, IPM
- Role of risk mitigation measures
- How to establish them + harmonisation
- Závěry





# Directive EP and Council (EC) 2009/128/ES, establishing a framework for Community action to achieve the sustainable use of pesticides

- Support of low pesticides input, esp. IOR
- IPM implementation
- Preference of non-chemical methods
- National action plans





# Combination of obligations and recommendations:

- ...*all necessary measures to support...*
- ...*give wherever possible priority...*
- ...*support the establishment of necessary conditions ...*
- ...*establish appropriate incentives to encourage professional users to implement ...*



# Integrated Pest Management

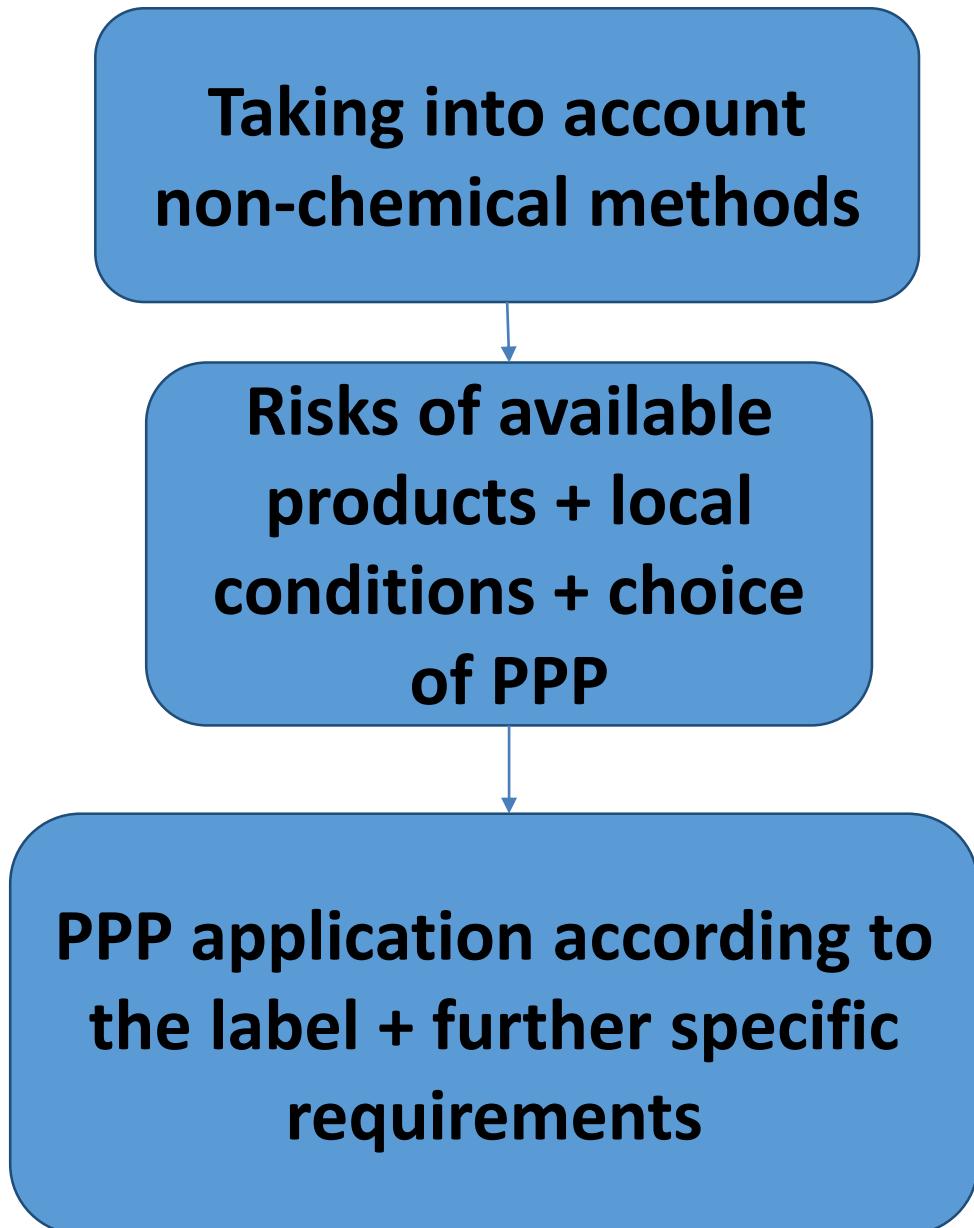
Optimal growth

Utilisation of natural mechanisms

Prognosis, forecast,  
thresholds



# Good Plant Protection Practice





## Proper use of PPP:

Application following the label:

- *Crop*
- *Pest*
- *Maximum dose, method of treatment, water*
- *Maximum number of treatment*
- *Growth stages (limits)*
- *Buffer zones (surface water, non target plants and arthropods, residential areas)*
- *Protection of sources of drinking water*
- *Protection of honeybees and game*
- *Protection of human health*



## Use of risk mitigation measures:

If the proposed use does not meet safety criteria (= for authorisation), the possible risk mitigation measures are checked:

- Dose reduction

- Reduction of number of treatments

- Buffer zones

- Exclusion from some areas

- Personal protective equipment, safety intervals etc.





## Some examples - CZ

Assessment of risk on railway and permeable surfaces

Pavements, roads ?

Areas used by general publics – exclusion possible

Buffer zones from residential areas

Exclusion from water protective areas

Buffers from surface water

Buffers from „small“ sources of drinking water





## Choice of the product

It is necessary to prioritise biological, physical and other non-chemical methods, **if they satisfactorily ensure protection against harmful organisms**

Pesticides used **should be the most specific** to the pest and should have the lowest possible side effects to human health and environment



# Rostlinolékařský portál

Metodiky IOR &gt; polní plodiny &gt; obilniny &gt; pšenice setá &gt; Ochrana proti chorobám &gt; hnědá rzivost pšenice

**Plodinové metodiky**

- Obecné informace
- chmel
- ovoce
- polní plodiny
- luskoviny
- obilniny
  - ječmen obecný
  - kukuřice setá
  - oves setý
  - pšenice setá
  - triticale
  - žito seté
- okopaniny
- olejníny
- pícniny

**Ochrana proti chorobám**

- černání kořenů a báze stébel obilník
- feosferiová skvrnitost pšenice
- hnědá rzivost pšenice

se obvykle provádějí proti celému komplexu chorob listů a klasů.

**Povolené přípravky na ochranu rostlin**  **filtrovat (filtr: nenastaven)**

Přípravek	Účinná látka	Člověk	Voda	Vod.o...	Půd.o...	Včely	N.člen.	Ptáci...	N.rostl.	Ž.pro...
<a href="#">Abrusta</a>	Cyprokonazol (S), Pentiopyr...	i	i	i						
<a href="#">Acanto</a>	Pikoxystrobin (S)	i		i						
<a href="#">Adexar</a>	Epoxykonazol (S), Fluxapyrox...	i	i	i						
<a href="#">Adexar Plus</a>	Epoxykonazol (S), Fluxapyrox...	i	i	i						
<a href="#">Adroit</a>	Epoxykonazol (S)			i						
<a href="#">Agent</a>	Fenpropidin (S), Propikonazo...			i	i					
<a href="#">Agrozol Extra</a>	Azoxystrobin (S), Cyprokonaz...		i	i						
<a href="#">Akord</a>	Cyprodinil (S), Propikonazol (S)				i					
<a href="#">Allegro Plus</a>	Epoxykonazol (S), Fenpropim...			i	i	i	i	i		
<a href="#">Amistar</a>	Azoxystrobin (S)		i	i						
<a href="#">Amistar Opti</a>	Azoxystrobin (S), Chlorthalon...			i						
<a href="#">Amistar Xtra</a>	Azoxystrobin (S), Cyprokonaz...		i	i						
<a href="#">Apel</a>	Prochloraz (S), Propikonazol...		i	i			i			
<a href="#">Arena</a>	Azoxystrobin (S), Chlorthalon...			i						
<a href="#">Archer Turbo</a>	Fenpropidin (S), Propikonazo...		i	i						
<a href="#">Artea 330 EC</a>	Cyprokonazol (S), Propikonaz...			i			i			

**Authorisation**

**Analysis of  
informations**

**Risk  
Communication**

**Monitoring**

**Inspection**



# Conclusions

- Risk mitigation measures shall be realistic
- Feedback from inspectors and monitoring necessary
- Harmonisation of risk mitigation measures is important for mutual recognition



# Thank you for your attention!



*Pavel Minář*

[pavel.minar@ukzuz.cz](mailto:pavel.minar@ukzuz.cz)

[www.ukzuz.cz](http://www.ukzuz.cz)